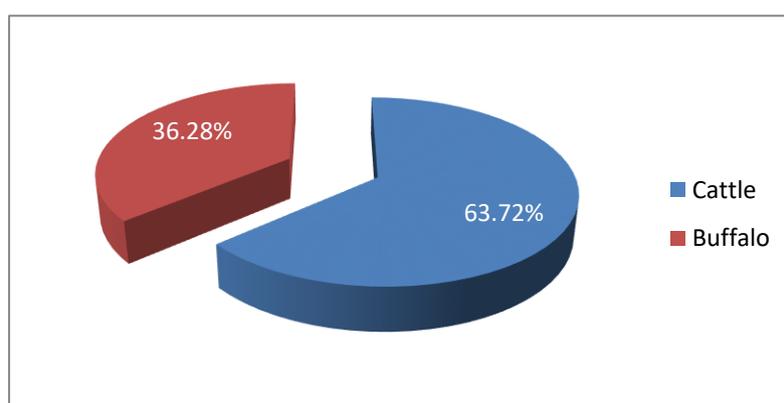


Dairy sector Statistics

Livestock wealth is deemed as the oldest wealth resource for mankind and the sector plays a crucial role in rural economy and livelihood. As per the 19th Livestock census 2012, India with 300 million bovines, has 18% of the world's bovine population. The country has 108.7 million buffaloes and 190.9 million cattle. Of the 190 million cattle, 20% are exotic and crossbreds (39 million) and about 80% belonging to indigenous breeds. Breedable female bovine population available is 130 million. Out of 300 million bovines, only 88 million are in milk leaving large unproductive animals including 84 million males.

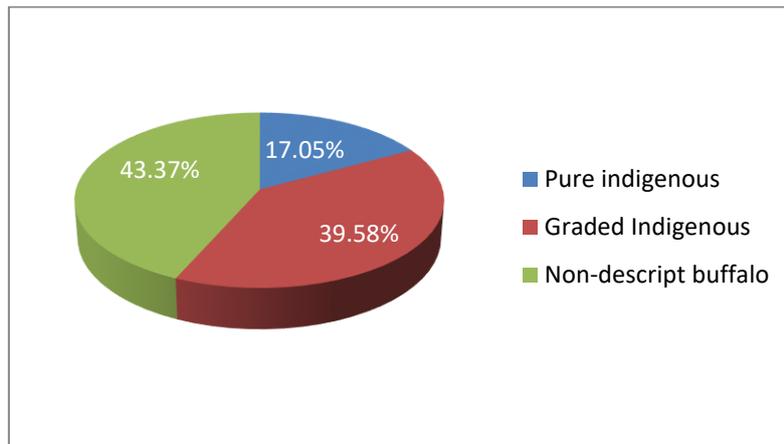
Percentage share between Cattle and Buffaloes



Breed wise distribution of Cattle – 19th Livestock Census

Category	(in numbers)
Pure Jersey	6,75,647
Crossbred Jersey	2,29,54,211
Pure Holstein Friesian	6,43,859
Crossbred Holstein Friesian	1,54,58,093
Indigenous	3,79,19,232
Non-descript	11,32,53,063
Total	19,09,04,105

Distribution of total buffalo population (%)



During 2016-17, 115 million doses of frozen semen had been produced and around 70 million Artificial Inseminations were done.

Milk production in India :

Over the span of three decades, India has transformed from a country of acute milk shortage to the world's leading milk producer. India is the largest producer of milk in the world since 1998 . During 2016-17, the annual output was 165.40 million tons accounting for 20% of the world milk share.

Per Capita availability:

The per capita availability of milk during 2016-17 was 352 gm per day as against world average of 299 gm per day.

Breed wise estimated milk production 2016-17 by Bovines (%)

